

'Tragedy of  
Commons'

$$u_1(e_1, e_2) = e_1(1 - (e_1 + e_2))$$
$$u_2(e_2, e_1) = e_2(1 - (e_1 + e_2))$$

$$e_1^* = e_2^* = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$u_1(e_1^*, e_2^*) = u_2(e_2^*, e_1^*) = \frac{1}{9} \quad .$$

Is there another outcome which yields a higher payoff to both the players?

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{u_1(e_1, e_2) + u_2(e_2, e_1)}{\text{Joint payoff}} \\ &= e_1(1 - (e_1 + e_2)) \\ & \quad + e_2(1 - (e_1 + e_2)) \\ &= (e_1 + e_2)(1 - (e_1 + e_2)) \end{aligned}$$

Net payoff or  
Total Payoff

$$= (\underline{e_1 + e_2}) (1 - (\underline{e_1 + e_2}))$$

$$e_1 + e_2 = e_t$$

$$= \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \underline{e_1 + e_2} \\ \text{total effort}}}{e_t} (1 - \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{total payoff}}}{e_t}) = u_t(e_t)$$

$$u_t(e_t) = e_t(1 - e_t)$$

$$= e_t - e_t^2$$

To maximize sum payoff,  
differentiate  $u_t$  wrt  $e_t$

$$\frac{du_t}{de_t} = \frac{d}{de_t} (e_t - e_t^2)$$
$$= 1 - 2e_t = 0$$

$$\boxed{e_t^* = \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$e_t^* = e_1 + e_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$e_1 = \frac{1}{4} \quad e_2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$u_1(e_1, e_2) = u_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} > \frac{1}{9} = u_1(e_1^*, e_2^*)$$

$$u_2\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$e_1 = e_2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

Therefore, the Nash  
Equilibrium is NOT  
Pareto optimal!

Similar to PD.

At NE, each is using  
an effort  $e_1^* = e_2^* = \frac{1}{3}$   
which is greater than  
the optimal effort  $e_1 = e_2 = \frac{1}{4}$

NE leads to Faster  
depletion of common  
Resource. — "Tragedy  
of commons".

Solution - Regulatory  
Framework.