

'Tragedy of
Commons'

$$u_1(e_1, e_2) = e_1(1 - (e_1 + e_2))$$
$$u_2(e_2, e_1) = e_2(1 - (e_1 + e_2))$$

$$e_1^* = e_2^* = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$u_1(e_1^*, e_2^*) = u_2(e_2^*, e_1^*) = \frac{1}{9} .$$

Is there another outcome which yields a higher payoff to both the players?

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{u_1(e_1, e_2) + u_2(e_2, e_1)}{\text{Joint payoff}} \\ &= e_1(1 - (e_1 + e_2)) \\ & \quad + e_2(1 - (e_1 + e_2)) \\ &= (e_1 + e_2)(1 - (e_1 + e_2)) \end{aligned}$$

Net payoff or
Total Payoff

$$= \frac{e_1 + e_2}{1 - (e_1 + e_2)}$$

$$e_1 + e_2 = e_t$$

$$= e_t (1 - e_t) = u_t(e_t)$$

\uparrow
 $e_1 + e_2$
total effort

\uparrow
total payoff

$$U_t(e_t) = e_t(1 - e_t)$$

$$= e_t - e_t^2$$

To maximize sum payoff,
differentiate U_t w.r.t e_t

$$\frac{dU_t}{de_t} = \frac{d}{de_t} (e_t - e_t^2)$$
$$= 1 - 2e_t = 0$$

$$e_t^* = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$e_t^* = e_1 + e_2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$e_1 = \frac{1}{4} \quad e_2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$u_1(e_1, e_2) = u_1\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(1 - \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}\right)\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} > \frac{1}{9} = u_1(e_1^*, e_2^*)$$

$$U_2\left(\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}\right) = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$e_1 = e_2 = \frac{1}{4}$$

Therefore, the Nash
Equilibrium is NOT
Pareto optimal!

Similar to PD.

At NE, each is using
an effort $e_1^* = e_2^* = \frac{1}{3}$
which is greater than
the optimal effort $e_1 = e_2 = \frac{1}{4}$

NE leads to Faster
depletion of Common
Resource. — "Tragedy
of commons".

Solution - Regulatory
Framework.