

Contents

1	Properties of Integers and Basic Counting	5
1.1	Basic Set Theory	6
1.2	Well Ordering Principle and the Principle of Mathematical Induction	8
1.3	Strong Form of the Principle of Mathematical Induction	11
1.4	Division Algorithm and the Fundamental Theorem of Arithmetic	13
1.5	Relations, Partitions and Equivalence Relation	17
1.6	Functions	21
1.7	Distinguishable Balls	25
1.8	Binomial Theorem	27
1.9	Onto Functions and the Stirling Numbers of Second Kind	29
1.10	Indistinguishable Balls and Distinguishable Boxes	32
1.11	Indistinguishable Balls in Indistinguishable Boxes	34
1.12	Lattice Paths and Catalan Numbers	36
1.13	Catalan Numbers Continued	39
1.14	Generalizations	41
2	Advanced Counting and Generating Functions	45
2.1	Pigeonhole Principle	45
2.2	Pigeonhole Principle Continued	47
2.3	Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion	49
2.4	Formal Power Series	52
2.5	Formal Power Series Continued	55
2.6	Application to Recurrence Relation	59
2.7	Application to Recurrence Relation Continued	62
2.8	Application to Recurrence Relation Continued	65
2.9	Applications to Generating Functions Continued	68
3	Groups and Polya Theory	71
3.1	Groups	71
3.2	Example of Groups	75

3.3	SubGroups	80
3.4	Lagrange's Theorem	83
3.5	Applications of Lagrange's Theorem	86
3.6	Group Action	88
3.7	Group Action Continued	92
3.8	The Cycle Index Polynomial	94
3.8.1	Applications	95
3.9	Polya Inventory Theorem	98
4	Topics in Classical Graph Theory	103
4.1	Basic Graph Theory	104
4.2	Graph Operations	108
4.2.1	Characterization of trees	111
4.3	Matrices related with Graphs	114
4.4	Matrix Tree Theorem	117
4.5	Eulerian graphs	120
4.6	Planar Graphs	123
4.7	Euler's Theorem for Planar Graphs	126
4.8	Stereographic Projection	129
5	Module-wise Exercises	131
	Index	154